

Miller & Rhoads

Mail Orders Filled at Advertised Prices.

A Short Talk About Long Gloves.

Values like ours "talk" for themselves. Where else will you find 16-button White Lisle Gloves, regular dollar values, for 59c? Perfect goods in every way. One of the biggest values in Gloves shown this year.

- Silk Lisle Gloves, 16-button length, black and white, similar to Gloves sold in many places for \$1.50. Our price **\$1.10**
- Black Silk Gloves, 16-button length, per pair, **\$1.25**
- White Silk Gloves, 2-clasp, tips guaranteed to wear, 50c, 75c and **\$1.00**
- White Silk Lisle Gloves, 25c two-clasp
- Tan Silk Gloves, 16-button length, \$1.75 value, for **\$1.19**

50c Striped Linen Suits,

We bought a big lot of it early in the season, and every yard has been sold with the exception of four pieces in pink stripes, which will go on sale this morning at 17c yard. All pure linen—a beautiful piece of goods.

GOVERNOR WOULD PUNISH POLICE

Receives General Vaughan's Report as to Pine Beach Trouble.

WRITES CAPTAIN MARSHALL

Matter Laid Before Judge Portlock and Commonwealth's Attorney.

Governor Swanson has officially received the report of Brigadier-General Vaughan, with reference to the recent trouble at Pine Beach between militiamen and Norfolk county officers, and has forwarded copies thereof to Judge W. N. Portlock and Commonwealth's Attorney R. C. Marshall, with a request for a thorough investigation and report by them to His Excellency.

The investigation was conducted by Major Thomas W. Shelton, judge advocate-general, and the report is a voluminous document, covering many pages of typewritten matter.

In endorsing the report of Major Shelton, General Vaughan says: "I recommend that steps be taken to bring to justice the policemen who committed the assault on Sergeant Koerner."

After commending the soldiers upon their coolness in the face of coarse and insulting language from the county policemen, the indorsement continues:

"It is quite apparent that the time is at hand when the uniform of Virginia militiamen shall be respected, if not honored, and certainly shall not be an invitation for the assault of special constables. The self-control of Lieutenant De Main and his soldierly conduct deserve commendation."

In writing Captain Marshall, Governor Swanson recommends that if, after investigation by that officer, he finds that county officials have been guilty of the offenses alleged, they shall be fully punished.

To Captain Marshall, Governor Swanson sent the following letter to the Commonwealth's attorney for Norfolk county:

Governor's Office, Richmond, Va., July 11, 1907.
Captain R. C. Marshall, Commonwealth's Attorney, Portsmouth, Va.:
My Dear Captain—I send you by express the report that has been made to me by the officers of the Virginia Volunteers in reference to the arrest and assault made upon some officers and soldiers of the volunteers at Pine Beach during the recent excitement at the Jamestown Exposition. I also enclose you stenographic report of the evidence taken before the justice of the peace, who had these cases up for consideration.

A careful perusal of this report and evidence convinces me of the conduct of the county officials in the matter was very reprehensible, and that they should be punished and removed from office.

GROWING CHILDREN
The Period When the Nervous Activity Is at Its Greatest.

A medical journal says: "Against the practice of giving tea and coffee to children we cannot speak too strongly."

"Childhood is the period when the nervous activity is at its greatest. The brain is ever busy receiving new impressions."

"Reflex action, co-ordination of muscles, and the special senses are all under a special course of training. The nervous system is pushed to its utmost capacity, and long is the list of victims that follow its over-stimulation. In these little people, nothing but harm can come from the use of such articles as tea or coffee."

Bad, then, as this practice is, let us as physicians be aggressive in its prohibition. Do not be satisfied by answering "No," when asked as to its value, but let us teach the families with whom we come in contact, that such practice is evil. We speak emphatically, because not only among the poor and uneducated, but among the rich, who should know better, this practice is marvellously prevalent.

A man who tried Postum Food Coffee, said that it might be sold without punishment, but he didn't like its taste. He had not discovered the secret of making delicious Postum. After boiling commences, allow it to boil full minutes. Not simply to put it on the stove for 15 minutes, but count the fifteen minutes after boiling commences. That brings out the food value and the delicious flavor. It certainly does make the children bright and healthy, and has proven a Godsend to many an adult whose daily affairs were not understood until Postum was used in place of coffee. "There's a Reason." Postum properly made has a coffee taste similar to the mild, high grade Java. Read the little health classic, "The Road to Wellville," in pgs.

SCENES DURING THE RECOUNT OF BALLOTS



ALDERMEN FAIL TO ATTEND AND DEFEAT APPROPRIATION

Only Thirteen City Fathers Meet to Vote on Fund for Richmond Day at Jamestown Exposition—Another Attempt Will Be Made on Monday Night to Secure the Appropriation.

The adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen scheduled for last night failed to materialize. Hot weather and other considerations seemed to have been adverse to the assembling of the City Fathers, and although the Sergeant-at-Arms was diligent and kept the telephone wires warm until 9 o'clock, all the efforts to muster a quorum of the Board fell short and no business was transacted.

Eight o'clock was the time set for the adjourned meeting. At that hour only six members were present in the Council chamber. Ten minutes later three more had dropped in, and at 8:30 the unlucky number of thirteen could be counted, but it takes fourteen to make a quorum of the Board of Aldermen, and in the absence of that number no business can be transacted.

Roll-call showed the following present and ready to proceed to business: Messrs. Adams, Bennett, Cottrell, Donahoe, Elliott, Grant, Mann, Masurier, Moore, Satterfield, Washer, Wood and President Turpin.

Ways and means to secure a quorum were freely discussed in an informal way, but none of the schemes suggested seemed to be practicable, and efforts were finally abandoned, and Alderman Mann, in a spirit of mild disgust, offered a motion that the Board adjourn to Monday night at 8:30. The motion was adopted by a vote of 7 yeas to 6 noes.

The fate of the proposition to appropriate \$3,000 for the proper observance of Richmond Day at the Jamestown Exposition is jeopardized by the failure of the Board to get a quorum. Certain it is that if the fourteenth man necessary to make a quorum had shown up last night the appropriation would have been defeated, for it would take fourteen affirmative votes to carry it, and it is well known that three of those present last night would

have voted against the appropriation. Just here the fairness of President Turpin, who is an avowed opponent of the appropriation, comes out in bold relief. It was in his power to send the sergeant-at-arms out to secure the fourteenth man to make a quorum and force a meeting. Had a meeting with only fourteen members in their seats been held the appropriation would have been defeated. President Turpin advocated an adjournment to a future date to give the advocates of the appropriation a fair show.

Many other matters of importance were to have been considered by the Board last night, among them the St. John's Church troubles and the city dog proposition. The meeting, now scheduled for Monday night, if a quorum can be obtained at that time, which is doubtful, as no less than a half dozen committee meetings have already been booked for the same hour, will be a very lengthy one.

made a strong appeal against the granting of the permit, and his argument had considerable weight with the committee. The objections and argument of Gill Brothers have already appeared in these columns.

The matter of an alley which should go through the property on which the proposed yard is to be situated came up and it was finally decided, upon the motion of Mr. W. B. Bradley, that the City Engineer make a plat of the block on which the property is located and this be submitted to committee at a meeting to be held at the call of the chairman.

Messrs. Gill Brothers will probably ask the Council at to-night's meeting to grant them a temporary permit, which will give them the privilege to saw wood while the matter is pending.

Those present at the meeting were Messrs. C. C. Jones, J. B. Rud, W. B. Bradley, L. E. Toney, B. M. Robertson, and T. E. Taylor.

The Finance Committee, which failed of a quorum at its last meeting, met last night and transacted routine business.

Robertson—Brooks. A beautiful church wedding was solemnized on Wednesday night at Skunkquarter Church, when Miss Nannie L. Brooks became the bride of Mr. Joseph W. Robertson. The ceremony was performed by Rev. George St. Abrams, the pastor.

The bride's party consisted of the following: Misses Mary Coghill, Bertha Bailey, Elsie Lass, Gussy Simes—entered single file, robed in white silk mull, princess dresses, carrying daisies. The bridesmaids were Misses Mary Simes and Mr. Clifton Wilkerson, who entered the right-hand aisle in single file, forming a circle at the altar.

Miss Edna Wilkerson, entered alone, robed in white silk, with hat to match. The bride entered with her groom, Mr. Joseph W. Robertson, who was escorted by his best man, Mr. William Collin McKee, of Manchester.

The bride's costume consisted of a traveling suit of gray velveteen, with hat and gloves to match. Her flowers were white roses.

Mr. Robertson is a popular young man, both in Manchester and Gloucester field, where he previously lived with his grandfather, the late Dr. Cheatham. The bride is a charming and cultivated young lady, whose grace of manner and person have won for her a host of friends. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Robertson left for an extensive trip North.

On their return they will make their home at No. 216 West Fifteenth Street.

The out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Robinson, parents of the groom; Mrs. H. E. Pinchbeck, Mrs. T. E. Robinson, Mrs. E. P. Robinson, Mrs. L. L. Wilkerson, of Richmond; Mrs. W. A. Magee and Misses Edna and Mary Coghill.

NEWS GATHERED FROM SOUTHSIDE

Gill Brothers Must Wait for City Engineer to Make Plat.

NEGRO ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Tried to Choke Himself With Belt—Saved by Fellow-Prisoner.

Manchester Bureau, Times-Dispatch, No. 1102 Hall Street.

William Johnston, alias "Rabbit Foot," colored, who is confined in the Manchester jail on the charge of being a suspicious character, attempted yesterday afternoon to take his life by choking himself with a belt. Johnson was in an unconscious condition when found by another negro prisoner, Algie Hughes. He had wrapped the belt, which he had taken from his person, around his throat twice and was almost choked to death when Hughes found him.

City Sergeant Saunders was notified that the man had attempted to take his life, and he immediately summoned Dr. Ingram, the jail physician. When the doctor arrived the negro was in an unconscious condition, and it was with difficulty that he was revived. Had Hughes been a few moments later the negro would have accomplished his purpose.

He was arrested on Wednesday night on the charge of being a suspicious character, and was tried this morning. He informed the sergeant last night that it was the first time he had ever been locked up, and that his wife was ill at home.

On account of these conditions it is supposed that dependency prompted him to his action.

Thomas B. Hicks, who formerly employed the negro as a driver, was asked about the negro, and he vouched for his reliability. Late last night the negro was much improved.

Gill Brothers Put Off. As was expected, the application of Messrs. Gill Brothers to erect a wood-yard and engine-house at Ninth and McDonough Streets, which came before the City Committee last night, met with vigorous opposition, and was deferred.

The matter was discussed pro and con, as it was before the Street Committee on Tuesday night. Mr. David Hey and Mr. J. L. Roach led the fight against the movement, Mr. Roach

STEAL SPOONS FROM JEFFERSON

Joe Holmes, Former Waiter at Hostelry, Hides Them in Ground.

FINALLY ADMITS THEFT

Sergeant McMahon Induces Negro to Disclose Hiding Place.

Joe Holmes (colored), formerly a waiter in Jefferson Hotel, was arrested yesterday afternoon on the charge of stealing five silver spoons from the hotel, but not, however, until he had gone through the "sweat."

Holmes was taken up to something crooked by the day officer at the hotel, T. J. Griffin, who then called in Sergeant McMahon, who offered to help in discovering what the negro had done. They found that Holmes lived in Swansboro, and that the two officers went yesterday afternoon. There Mr. Griffin swore out a search warrant at the instance of Sergeant McMahon, and with Special Officer Jerrell, of Swansboro, they searched the negro's house. Nothing, however, was found on the premises, and McMahon then directed his attention to the negro, who finally admitted that he had stolen four silver spoons from the hotel, and had hidden them in the home of his sister.

The sister's home was visited, but she informed Sergeant McMahon that she knew nothing of the silverware. Holmes then admitted that he had hidden them in the backyard, and there under a large flat stone, seven or eight inches below the surface, five spoons were discovered. Holmes was taken to the Second Police Station, where the charge of being a suspicious character was entered against him in order to allow the detective time in which to work up further evidence.

CAR AFIRE

Rheosdadt Blazes Up and Ten Cars Are Delayed.

Considerable excitement was caused last night at about 10:15 o'clock, when the Rheosdadt of Clay Street car No. 247 flared up in a blaze and frightened the passengers aboard.

The rheosdadt began burning at Fourteenth and Main Streets, but the blaze was not discovered by the car crew until the one had reached Tenth and Main Streets, where the smoke began issuing forth in such volume that it was noticeable to every one.

Some one called "fire!" and the car was stopped. The passengers poured out, and Policeman W. E. Newman, who was standing on the corner, saw the smoke. The truck arrived in a few minutes, and the fire was soon extinguished with the use of the chemical apparatus.

Ten cars were strung out behind the crippled car, and traffic was hindered for about fifteen minutes.

Tripoli's Queer Population. Frank Carpenter's letter in next Sunday's Times-Dispatch will give a highly interesting description of Tripoli, the capital of Barbary, and its queer population. An odd characteristic of this quaint attractive place is that grapevines root the chief business streets.

Out Go the Straws

Every Straw Hat in the house ("Knox" Hats included) goes on the bargain table this morning. Read the prices:
\$6.50 and \$7.50 Panama Hats now - \$4.50
\$5.00 Knox Hats now - \$3.50
\$4.00 Knox Hats now - \$2.50
and hundreds of Soft and Stiff Straw Hats, worth \$2.50, \$3 and \$4, at **\$1.65 Each**

Gans-Rady Company

FIGHT AGAINST TOBACCO TRUST

Richmond People Greatly Interested in the Outcome of the Legal Battle.

VIRGINIA COMPANIES NAMED

Mr. Wellford C. Reed, Agent for the Imperial, Is Also Made a Defendant.

Great interest is being manifested by Richmond tobacco dealers and manufacturers in the proceedings instituted by the Federal government for the purpose of dissolving the tobacco trust, which controls several companies doing business here.

There are sixty-five corporations connected with the trust and twenty-nine individuals named as defendants in the petition which was filed in the United States Circuit Court of New York City Wednesday.

Among the concerns made defendants are from Virginia, and six from North Carolina, as follows:

R. A. Patterson Tobacco Company, organized under the laws of New Jersey, with \$150,000 of issued capital stock; offices at Richmond.

John W. Carroll Tobacco Company, organized under the laws of New Jersey, with \$150,000 of issued capital stock; offices at Lynchburg.

T. C. Williams Company, organized under the laws of Virginia, with \$400,000 of issued capital stock; offices at Petersburg.

David Dunlop (Incorporated), organized under the laws of New Jersey, with \$450,000 capital stock; offices at Petersburg.

Clair J. Cigar Company, organized under the laws of Virginia, with \$50,000 issued capital stock; offices at Richmond.

Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Company, organized under New Jersey laws, with \$1,000,000 capital; offices at New York City and Durham, N. C.

R. P. Richardson, Jr., & Co., organized under New Jersey laws, with \$300,000 capital stock, \$200,000 bonded indebtedness; offices at Reidsville, N. C.

R. Penn Tobacco Company, organized under North Carolina laws, with \$250,000 capital stock; offices at Reidsville, N. C.

Wells-Whitehead Tobacco Company, organized under North Carolina laws, with \$150,000 capital stock; offices at Winston, N. C.

Lipfert-Scales Company, organized under North Carolina laws, with \$400,000 capital stock; offices at Winston, N. C.

R. J. Reynolds Company, organized under New Jersey laws; offices at Winston-Salem, N. C.; capital stock \$525,000.

Duke's Companies. Among the other companies named are American Tobacco Company, James B. Duke, president; office 111 Fifth Avenue, New York; organized under New Jersey laws. Its issued capital stock being \$118,931,500, of which \$78,629,100 is preferred and \$40,242,400 common; bonded indebtedness, \$116,260,450.

British-American Tobacco Company (Limited), organized under laws of Great Britain and Ireland; offices at 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, with William T. Harris chairman of its board of directors; capital stock, \$6,000,000 (about \$2,000,000).

Imperial Tobacco Company of Great Britain and Ireland (Limited), organized under British laws; carrying on business in Virginia and other American States, with offices at Richmond, where it has a factory. Mr. Wellford C. Reed, may be found; capital stock, \$18,000,000 (about \$3,000,000), and bonded indebtedness, \$2,065,000 (about \$1,130,000).

American Snuff Company, organized in New Jersey; offices in New York; organized under New Jersey laws. Capital stock, \$25,000,000, of which half is preferred and half common.

American Cigar Company, organized in New Jersey; offices in New York; capital stock, \$20,000,000, half is preferred and half common; guaranteed indebtedness, \$1,000,000.

American Stogie Company, organized in New Jersey; offices in New York; capital stock, \$11,855,000—\$555,000 preferred and \$11,300,000 common.

Havana Tobacco Company, organized in New Jersey; offices in New York; capital stock, \$24,494,920—\$4,702,720 preferred and \$19,792,200 common; bonded indebtedness, \$7,500,000.

Havanna-American Company, organized in New Jersey; offices in New York; capital stock, \$250,000.

Mr. Wellford C. Reed, American agent of the Imperial Tobacco Company, with offices here, is one of the twenty-nine individuals made defendant.

Specific Charges. The government charges that the American Tobacco Company and its sixty-five subsidiary corporations have united in an effort to secure a monopoly of the entire tobacco trade of the United States. To this end it is charged that companies have been acquired or formed to control every branch of the business.

It is declared that the trust now controls 80 per cent. of the cigarettes, smoking and plug tobacco now produced in this country, 95 per cent. of the snuff, 75 per cent. of licorice products, 75 per cent. of small cigars, about 15 per cent. of cigars and stogies and 80 per cent. of tinoli products.

In order to prevent a complete monopoly of the tobacco business the Government demands that the companies and their officers be enjoined from carrying out the contracts between such combinations in restraint of trade, and that they be enjoined from competition and continue to monopolize the trade by the methods now in use. The government petitions for the appointment of a receiver for the

AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY AND ALL THE DEFENDANT COMPANIES; THE RECEIVER TO BE CHARGED WITH THEIR AFFAIRS AND ADMINISTER THEM AS BRING ABOUT CONDITIONS IN HARMONY WITH THE LAW.

It is reported that criminal prosecutions of officers of the trust may be begun later.

A number of well known lawyers were asked to express an opinion on the legal questions involved, but none of them would answer further than to say that the questions were "nice" ones, and that a "horseback" opinion would carry little weight.

The local representatives of the American Tobacco Company decline to discuss the matter, keeping so silent in fact, that it would seem as though instructions from New York had been sent out to "keep quiet."

LAWYER OR CARPENTER. R. Francione Finally Agrees that Carpenter Will Help Him More.

R. Francione, who is a restaurant or West Broad Street, is in a peculiar quandary over a violation of one of the city ordinances which prohibits the projection of any part of a building beyond the street line, and fixes the penalty at \$10 a day until the obstruction is removed.

The first time the law came up in the Police Court Mr. Francione appealed the case to the Hustings Court. He will have to wait, however, after the vacation in September. He has been in Police Court every day since, and has been fined \$10 each time. He is now waiting for the case to be disposed of in September. Unless it is issued earlier, he will have to pay a tremendous fine by September.

Justice Crutchedfield told him yesterday morning that he would not let him go until an attorney could not be present that he needed a carpenter more than a lawyer. Mr. Francione said he would not let him go until he had taken down a balcony which projects from his place over the street.

LOVE LAUGHS AT FINES. Beat His Wife, but Loved Her Still, and She Says He's a Jerk.

Joe Johnson (colored) was sent to jail for thirty days yesterday morning on the charge of stealing a gold watch from Menel Farm, or, at least, so he was told. Then Johnson left his coat on the back of a chair. He took the watch out, afterwards replacing it when he saw that Farmer missed the timepiece.

Landrum Coleman (colored) was charged with stealing a bag of flour from the Virginia Grocery Company, and was sent to jail for thirty days by Justice Crutchedfield yesterday morning.

Charles Allen (colored) was in the Police Court yesterday morning, charged with beating his wife, Joshua stated that his wife was to the room, and he was sent to jail at night. His looks, however, were not of the kind that usually induce jealousy on the part of a man. He said that his wife swore that he loved his wife better than any one in the world, and the little woman said that she would not let him go until he had taken down a balcony which projects from his place over the street.

SAVE DROWNING WOMAN. Four Men at Forest Hill Park Qualify for the Carnegie Medal.

Heroin in all its finest detail was yesterday morning on the charge of recklessly driving his automobile through a crowd when four men plunged into the cold water to rescue a fair lady who had been thrown from the car. The man was about to go down for the last time. She gave signs of distress soon after beginning her evening swim, and four men on the bank saw her in imminent danger. Without a thought of their own peril, they all plunged in, and the man who was in the water for the longest time, Vice-President Fairbanks is not the only man in the United States who has saved a life. There are others. The lady declined to disclose her name.

SLEPT ON ROOF. Orphan Girls Discovered Rules and Stayed Out All Night.

Ellen Fournier and Marian Wilson, two little girls of St. Paul's Home for Orphan Girls, had a rather peculiar experience Tuesday night when they were forced to spend the night on the tin roof.

Early in the afternoon the girls went up to the roof. They were afraid to come down at supper time, knowing that they had disobeyed the rules of the institution. The girls were in a great deal of trouble, and though the girls kicked and hammered on it they were unable to make any headway.

Alexander Enoch, a Syrian pedlar, was in the Police Court yesterday morning, charged with selling merchandise without a license. A case was proved against him, and the man was fined \$100. He is a cripple.

E. H. GIBSON AT HOME. Had Been Quarantined in New York Ten Days.

E. H. Gibson, the young son of Detective Sergeant Gibson, has been permitted to return from New York, where he had been quarantined for ten days as a yellow fever suspect. He was with the government engineering corps in Havana, Cuba, where he was taken with the fever. He did not improve and returned to the States. He developed no further symptoms while in New York, and after ten days in quarantine was allowed to come home.

PHY THIS. For the relief of dyspepsia you will find nothing better.

1/2 oz. Fluid Extract Buchu.

1 oz. Bulbo Mixture.

1/2 oz. Fluid Extract Gentian Compound.

15 ozs. water.

Medical men of wide experience bear testimony to the efficacy of this preparation, not only in cases of dyspepsia, but in nearly all sorts of stomach trouble. If there are manifestations of sour stomach, two teaspoonfuls of baking soda should be added to the ingredients named above, all of which are obtainable at any good pharmacy. The proper dose of this medicine is, tablespoonful, taken three times a day, before meals. Try it.

Bernhardt at Close Range In Her Paris Home

A special illustrated feature of the Sunday Times-Dispatch will be an account of the recent visit of an American to the home of the divine Sarah. His account of Madame Bernhardt as seen at close range, his description of her unique and striking personality, throw an entirely new light on this very interesting personage, for the Bernhardt of the stage and the real human Bernhardt in her home seem to be as distinct as the poles.